UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF IDAHO

In the Matter of:)	
The Admission of an Attorney)	General Order No. 206
Pro Hac Vice)	
)	

This matter is before the Court to amend Local Rule 83.4 regarding the admission of attorneys Pro Hac Vice, and

The Court has made the use of the Electronic Case Filing System (ECF) mandatory for attorneys in both District and Bankruptcy Courts effective January 1, 2006, and

A number of processes and procedures have been significantly affected, including the admission of an out-of-state attorney *pro hac vice*, and

The Court needing to implement a mechanism for the electronic filing, payment and tracking of all *pro hac vice* applications,

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Local District Court Rule 83.4(e) regarding *pro hac vice* admissions, is amended as follows:

CIVIL RULE 83.4 BAR ADMISSION

(e) **Pro Hac Vice/Local Counsel.** An attorney not eligible for admission under Dist. Idaho Loc. Civ. R. 83.4(a) hereof, but who is a member in good standing of and eligible to practice before the bar of any United States Court or of the highest court of any state or of any territory or insular possession of the United States, who is of good moral character, and who has been retained to appear in this Court, may, upon written application and in the discretion of the Court, be permitted to appear and participate in a particular case, and no certificate of admission must be issued by the Clerk.

Counsel should also refer to the Electronic Case Filing Procedures for specific requirements relative to pro hac vice status under CM/ECF.

Within thirty (30) days, The attorney filing pro hac vice must first also (1) designate a member of the bar of this Court who does maintains an office within this Court as co-counsel with the authority to act as attorney of record for all purposes, and (2) file with such designation the

address, telephone number, and written consent of such designee. Designated local counsel shall be responsible both for filing the pro hac vice application through ECF and for payment of the proscribed fee. The pro hac vice application must be presented to the Clerk and must state under penalty of perjury (1) the attorney's residence and office addresses, (2) by what court(s) the attorney has been admitted to practice and the date(s) of admission, (3) that the attorney is in good standing and eligible to practice in said court(s), and (4) that the attorney is not currently suspended or disbarred in any other court(s). Upon the electronic filing of the pro hac vice application and payment of fees by designated local counsel, and granting of the application by the Court, out-of-state counsel shall immediately register for ECF.

Attorneys not admitted to the bar of this Court who, upon the filing of a verified petition for permission to practice in an individual case, are admitted under the conditions prescribed in Dist. Idaho Loc. Civ. R. 83.4(e), and shall be required to pay the proscribed fee for each such pro hac vice application filed. Absent Court approval, an attorney who has been admitted pro hac vice for a particular case and received an ECF login and password, may not use these in a subsequent, unrelated case.

All pleadings filed with the Clerk of Court must contain the names and addresses and original signatures of the attorney appearing pro hac vice and associated local counsel.

The designee must personally appear with the attorney on all matters heard and tried before this Court unless such presence is excused by the Court. Original proceedings may be filed by an attorney before admission pro hac vice, but the time for the responsive pleading must not begin to run until the appearance of associated local counsel is filed with the Clerk.

The order is effective immediately upon approval by the Court and approval by the 9th

Circuit Judicial Council.

Dated this 20th _day of April, 2006.

B. Lynr Winmill, Chief District Judge

Edward J. Lovge District Judge

Larry M. Boyle, Chief Magistrate Judge

Mikel H. Williams, Magistrate Judge